

## Exercises June 11th 2004, Optimal Control of Economic Systems

1. Consider the scalar system

$$\dot{x}(t) = x(t)u(t), \quad x(0) = 1$$

with cost criterion  $J(x_0, u(\cdot)) = 2x(T) + \int_0^T x^2(t) + u^2(t)dt$ .

- (a) Determine the minimal cost and the optimal input  $u$ .  
Hint : Try  $V(t, x) = q(x)$  as a candidate value function in the Hamilton-Jacobi-Bellman equation
- (b) Calculate the optimal state trajectory for  $T = 2$ .
- (c) Calculate the "optimal" state trajectory for  $x(0) = -1$  and  $T = 2$ . Conclude that the corresponding input  $u$  is not admissible.

2. Exercise 4.2

3. Exercise 4.3

4. Consider the following system

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_1(t) &= u(t)x_1(t) \\ \dot{x}_2(t) &= (1 - u(t))x_1(t) \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

We assume that  $x_1(0) = x_{10} \geq 0$ ,  $x_2(0) = x_{20}$  and  $u(t) \in [0, 1]$ . Furthermore, we assume that  $u$  is piecewise continuous.

With this system we have the cost criterion given by

$$J_1(u(\cdot)) = \int_0^T x_2(t)dt. \tag{2}$$

The aim is to maximize this criterion.

- (a) Give the Hamiltonian equations and determine the candidate solution to the optimal control problem.

Let us now assume that  $x_{10} = 0$ .

- (b) What is the maximal cost?
- (c) Give all solutions to the optimal control problem.