Exercises werkcollege 6, FMSE

Exercise 1

Consider the following FSP definitions:

- a) Give a structured graph of the labelled transition system of SYSTEM. Label the states with tuples (i,j,k,l), where i,j,k,l are the respective local states of the processes a:BUFFER, b:BUFFER, c:BUFFER and d:BUFFER, who collectively determine the global state of SYSTEM(so you can't just copy the the LTSA output).
- b) Give a minimal automaton that is observation equivalent to SYSTEM. Give a sequential FSP process (i.e. without parallel composition or hiding) that is observation equivalent to SYSTEM.

Exercise 2

Complete the MAZE example given in lecture 6 (slide 13). A path out of the maze is called *balanced* if and only if the number of north/south steps differs equals the number of east/west actions in the path. Modify your model such that for each initial square a shortest balanced path out of the maze, if it exists, is produced as a deadlock trace of the model. Determine the squares for which a balanced exit path exists.

Exercise 3

One solution to the dining philosophers problem permits only 4 philosophers to sit down at the table at the same time. Specify a BUTLER process that, when composed with the model presented in lecture 6 (slide 9), permits a maximum of 4 philosophers to be seated concurrently at the table. Show that this system is deadlock-free.

Exercise 4

What action trace violates the following safety property?

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property PS = (a->(b->PS|a->PS)|b->a->PS).
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Exercise 5

A lift has a maximum capacity of ten people. In the model of the lift control system, passengers entering a lift are signalled by an enter action and passengers leaving the lift are signalled by and exit action. Specify a safety property in FSP that when composed with the lift will check that the system never allows the lift to have more than 10 occupants.